MANIPULATIVE AREA

When a child works with toys and puzzles, he/she:

- → has an opportunity to work alone or together with other children.
- gains satisfaction in completing a puzzle or game and builds selfconfidence.
- → has an opportunity to improve eye-hand coordination.
- distinguishes and describes shapes.
- ightharpoonup fits things together and takes them apart.
- develops an awareness of symmetry in one's own representations.
- compares and sorts objects into groups.
- → uses and describes something in many different ways.
- recognizes and creates patterns.
- compares numbers and amounts.

You can help as a volunteer by:

- ⇒ sitting with a child who would like or needs some help. These games may seem easy to you, but remember that they are a real challenge to the young child.
- → encouraging and praising the child for his/her efforts and success. Just attempting to do an activity is the most important thing—not completing it correctly. It takes practice to learn how to do new things.
- → helping the child learn to organize pieces of the game. Patience is the key.
- reminding, showing and helping children put away toys at clean up time. Shelves are clearly marked so that children can see where toys belong.



